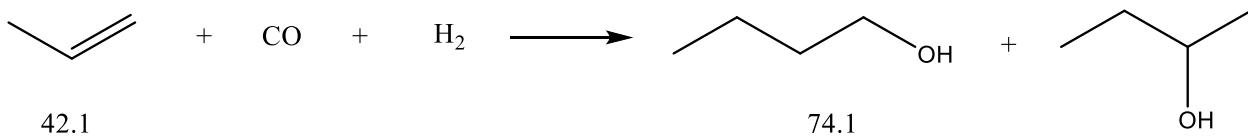


Exercise 5

The following hydroformylation process uses 609 kg/h propene, 406 kg/h CO and 58 kg/h H₂ to obtain 1000 kg/h n-butanol and 50 kg/h isopropanol. The process also requires 208 kW electricity and heating power (steam) of 630 kW.

What is the yield of the desired n-butanol and the energy intensity referred to n-butanol?



$$Yield = \frac{1000/74.1}{609/42.1} = 93.3\%$$

$$Power = 208 + 630 = 838 \text{ kW}$$

$$Energy \text{ intensity} = \frac{838[\text{kW}]}{(1000/3600)[\text{kg} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}]} = 3 \text{ MJ} \cdot \text{kg}^{-1}$$